Landmark new report says emerging green economy could create "green jobs"

0	Contact Us ∞	Site Map ∞	Search
---	--------------	------------	--------

Wednesday, 07 April 2010 - Port of Spain, 03:31:01

Home	About the ILO	ILO in the Caribbean	News Room	Information Resources	Countries/Territories	ILO Offices Globally	
------	---------------	----------------------	-----------	-----------------------	-----------------------	----------------------	--

Landmark new report says emerging green economy could create "green jobs"

In this section	News Room > News			
Recent News	News Room / News			
News Archive 2008 News Archive 2007 News Archive	LANDMARK NEW I MILLIONS OF NEW			
ILO Newsletters				
ILO Fact Sheets	24 September 2008			
ILO Videos Speeches/Special Articles	NEW YORK (ILO N the world of work sa jobs" in the coming Low-Carbon World,			
ILO Department of	climate change and create millions more			
Communication and Public Information	However, the report negative effects on tourism. Action to ta designed to generat			
	Though the report i warns that many of not exclusively in c insecure employmer			
	What's more, it says (43 per cent of the above the poverty th seeking work over th			
	Green jobs reduce t sustainable. The re contribute to presen they constitute "dece			
	The report says that far-reaching implicat thus for employmen opportunities for wor countries and in small			
	The report calls for who must also adap enterprises and wor and employers will environmental, econ such policies.			
	Among other key f			
	 The global r billion per ye Half of this sanitation ar fourfold to 10 			

Archive > Landmark new report says emerging green economy could create "green jobs"

6

REPORT SAYS EMERGING GREEN ECONOMY COULD CREATE TENS OF V "GREEN JOBS"

8

lews) - A new, landmark study on the impact of an emerging global "green economy" on ays efforts to tackle climate change could result in the creation of millions of new "green decades. The new report 1/ entitled Green Jobs: Towards Decent work in a Sustainable, says changing patterns of employment and investment resulting from efforts to reduce d its effects are already generating new jobs in many sectors and economies, and could in both developed and developing countries.

t also finds that the process of climate change, already underway, will continue to have workers and their families, especially those whose livelihoods depend on agriculture and ackle climate change as well as to cope with its effects is therefore urgent and should be te decent jobs.

is generally optimistic about the creation of new jobs to address climate change, it also these new jobs can be "dirty, dangerous and difficult". Sectors of concern, especially but developing economies, include agriculture and recycling where all too often low pay, nt contracts and exposure to health hazardous materials needs to change fast.

s too few green jobs are being created for the most vulnerable: the 1.3 billion working poor global workforce) in the world with earnings too low to lift them and their dependants threshold of US\$2 per person, per day, or for the estimated 500 million youth who will be he next 10 years.

the environmental impact of enterprises and economic sectors, ultimately to levels that are eport focuses on "green jobs" in agriculture, industry, services and administration that rving or restoring the quality of the environment. It also calls for measures to ensure that ent work" that helps reduce poverty while protecting the environment.

at climate change itself, adaptation to it and efforts to arrest it by reducing emissions have tions for economic and social development, for production and consumption patterns and nt, incomes and poverty reduction. These implications harbour both major risks and orking people in all countries, but particularly for the most vulnerable in the least developed all island States.

"just transitions" for those affected by transformation to a green economy and for those ot to climate change with access to alternative economic and employment opportunities for rkers. According to the report, meaningful social dialogue between government, workers be essential not only to ease tensions and support better informed and more coherent nomic and social policies, but for all social partners to be involved in the development of

findings in the report:

- market for environmental products and services is projected to double from US\$1,370 ear at present to US\$2,740 billion by 2020, according to a study cited in the report.
- market is in energy efficiency and the balance in sustainable transport, water supply, nd waste management. In Germany for example, environmental technology is to grow fourfold to 16 per cent of industrial output by 2030, with employment in this sector surpassing that in the country's big machine tool and automotive industries.
- · Sectors that will be particularly important in terms of their environmental, economic and employment impact are energy supply, in particular renewable energy, buildings and construction, transportation, basic industries, agriculture and forestry.
- · Clean technologies are already the third largest sector for venture capital after information and biotechnology in the United States, while green venture capital in China more than doubled to 19 per cent of total investment in recent years.
- 2.3 million people have in recent years found new jobs in the renewable energy sector alone, and the potential for job growth in the sector is huge. Employment in alternative energies may rise to 2.1 million in wind and 6.3 million in solar power by 2030.
- · Renewable energy generates more jobs than employment in fossil fuels. Projected investments of US\$630 billion by 2030 would translate into at least 20 million additional jobs in the renewable energy sector.
- In agriculture 12 million could be employed in biomass for energy and related industries. In a country

Landmark new report says emerging green economy could create "green jobs"

Т

© 2010 ILO Portal - ILO Subregional Office for the Caribbean 6 Stanmore Avenue, P. O. Box 1201, Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago. Telephone +868 627-6304 Fax +868 627-8978 Email: <u>ilocarib@ilocarib.org.tt</u> <u>Terms and Conditions for Use</u> I.