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UNOPS expertise

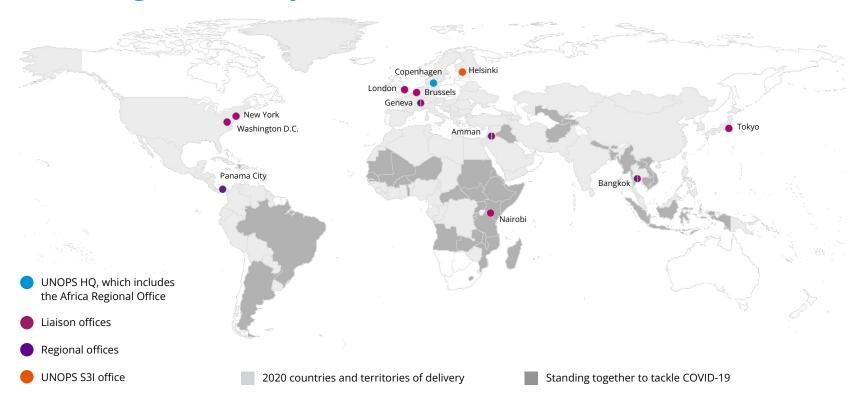
In addition to providing tailored services, we offer five core service lines in support of our partners objectives:

INFRASTRUCTURE PROCUREMENT PROJECT MANAGEMENT
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT HUMAN RESOURCES

ADVISORY Developing national capacity in our core mandated areas. HOW WE WORK IMPLEMENTATION Implementing partners' projects efficiently and effectively with the involvement of all stakeholders. Contributing to early-stage investment projects to leverage high-impact transformational initiatives in support of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.



UNOPS global footprint





This map is for illustrative purposes and does not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of UNOPS concerning the legal status of any country or territory or concerning the delimitation of frontiers or boundaries.

Activity - who is in the room?



What is your professional background?

To type your answer, go to www.menti.com and use the code **7832 3183**



Overview of the workshop

Learning Outcome:

Participants are able to understand the benefits to adopting an evidence-based approach to infrastructure development to underpin sustainable, resilient and inclusive development

Chapters:

- 1. The importance of infrastructure for development
- 2. Evidence-based infrastructure development
- 3. Evidence-based infrastructure development in practice:
 - Enabling environment
 - Strategic planning
 - Strategic financing





Chapter 1: The importance of infrastructure for development



Activity - The importance of infrastructure for development



To what extent do you think infrastructure is important for development?

To choose your answer, go to www.menti.com and use the code **7832 3183**





Infrastructure underpins Sustainable, Resilient and Inclusive Development

Global Agenda









The Sustainable Development Goals

SUSTAINABLE GUALS

































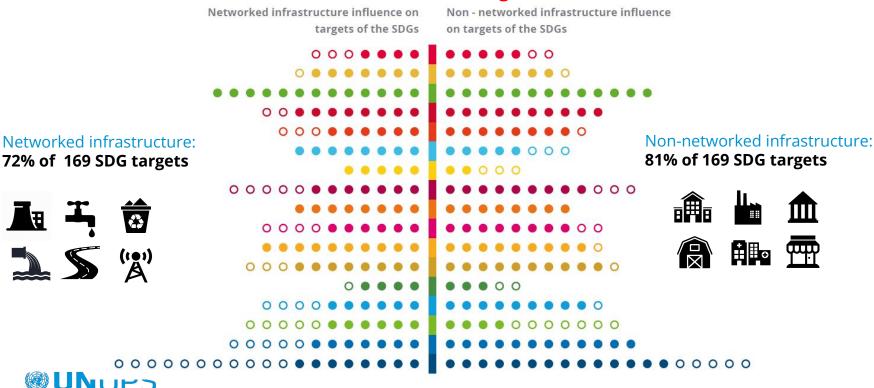






Infrastructure influences all 17 SDGs

Overall 92% of targets



Infrastructure for climate action

Mitigation

- reducing climate change

Involves reducing the flow of heat-trapping greenhouse gases into the atmosphere













Adaptation

- adapting to life in a changing climate

Involves adjusting to actual or expected future climate









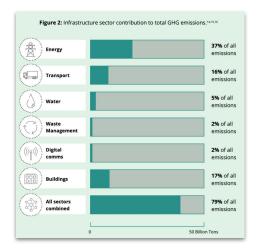






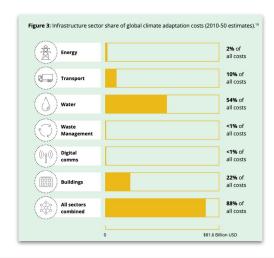
Infrastructure for climate action

Mitigation



Infrastructure is responsible for **79% of all GHG emissions**

Adaptation



Infrastructure accounts for **88% of all adaptation costs**



Infrastructure that leaves no one behind

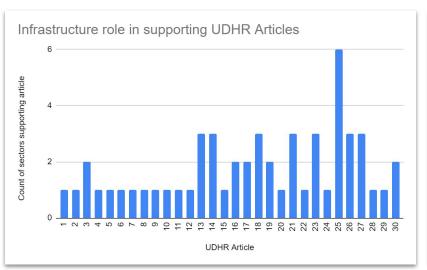
- The universal principles of human rights allude to the importance of universal, equal and non-discriminatory access to services by every individual
- Consists of **30 Articles** that describe our basic human rights

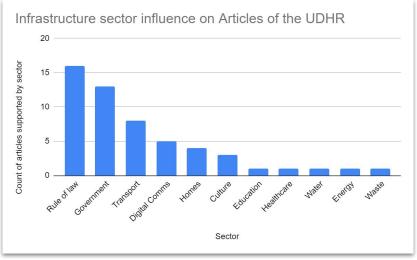




Infrastructure that leaves no one behind

• Infrastructure can influence all 30 articles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights







Infrastructure access gap



2.2 billion

People lack access to drinking water



4.2 billion

People lack access to sanitation



940 million

People lack access to electricity



1 billion

People lack access to all-weather roads







The infrastructure opportunity (and risk)

RISK













Highlighting the need to ensure we do the right infrastructure well highlighting the need for an evidence-based approach



Activity: Group Exercise (8 mins)

What has been the role of infrastructure in the national development of your country?

Item	Activity	Time
1	Go into your zoom breakout rooms, say hello to each other, assign a representative for your group.	1 min
2	Discuss the question and write down the key points, identifying the top three most common or most important.	6 mins
3	Each group's representative to report back one key role to the main room.	1 min each group



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"What did you find most interesting about this chapter?"





Chapter 2: Evidence-based Infrastructure Development



Activity - Evidence-based Infrastructure development



What do you consider to be infrastructure?

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Infrastructure types



Built Environment



- Networked infrastructure, e.g, energy, transport, water, etc.
- Non-networked infrastructure, e.g, hospitals, schools, housing, etc.



Natural Environment



- Green infrastructure, e.g, forest, wetlands, parks, etc.
- Blue infrastructure, e.g, lakes, canals, etc.
- Hybrid or grey-green infrastructure,
 e.g, green roofs/walls, etc



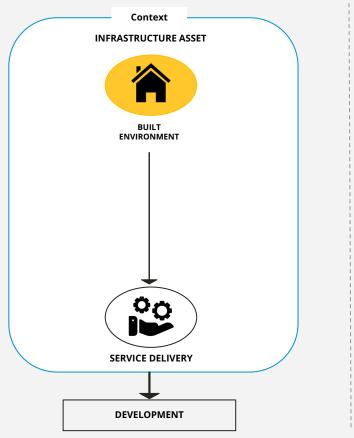
Enabling Environment



- Institutions, e.g, public and private sector, MDBs, academia, etc
- Knowledge, e.g, data, R&D, skills, etc.
- Guiding frameworks, e.g, policies, standard operating procedures, etc,
- Resources, e.g, tools, technology, experts, etc

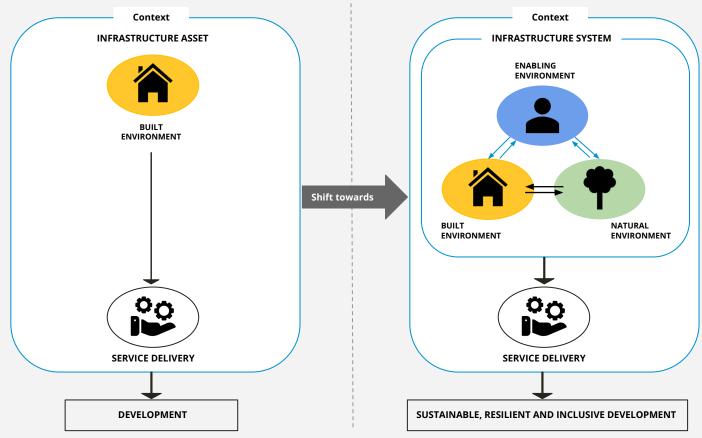


Infrastructure as a system



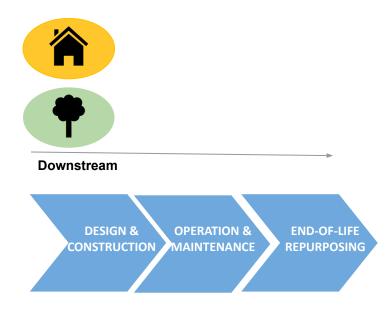


Infrastructure as a system



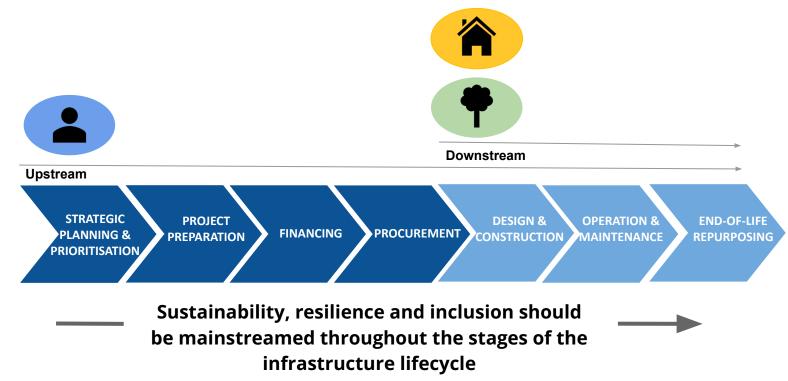


The infrastructure lifecycle



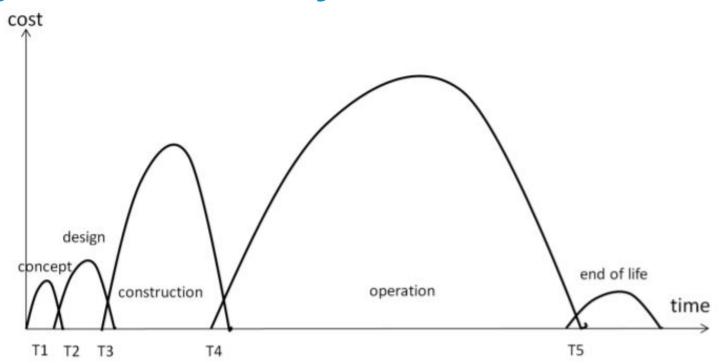


The infrastructure lifecycle





Physical asset lifecycle costs





Infrastructure for development 00 Shock Shock Shock Stress Stress **SERVICE SYSTEM PERFORMANCE DEVELOPMENT** TARGET(S) 2017 2027 2037 2047 10 years **SDGs** 20 years 30 years

INFRASTRUCTURE SYSTEM LIFE SPAN

Evidence-based approach to infrastructure











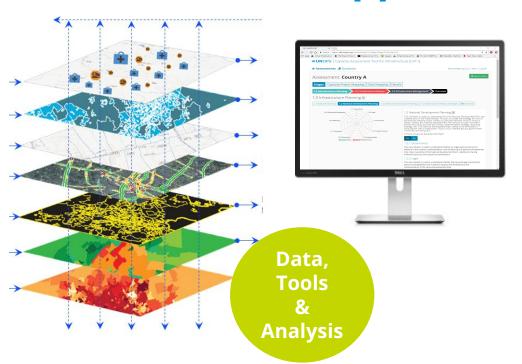


Using evidence (data, methods and tools) to better inform infrastructure decision making in practice:

- Minimizing risks
- Maximising opportunities



Evidence-based approach to infrastructure



Using evidence to better inform infrastructure decision making in practice

We will focus on:

- Strategic planning
- Financing

Though the whole lifecycle is essential



Activity: Group Exercise (8 mins)

What are the major challenges to upstream infrastructure planning in your country?

Item	Activity	Time
1	Go into your zoom breakout rooms and assign a representative for your group (preferably a different person).	1 min
2	Discuss the question and write down the challenges, identifying the top three most common or most important.	6 mins
3	Each group's representative to report back one key challenge to the main room.	1 min each group



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"What did you find most interesting about this chapter?"





Chapter 3: Evidence-based infrastructure planning in practice



Evidence-based infrastructure development in Ghana

- 18 month project between project partners
- Using cutting-edge tools of project partners to pinpoint areas of climate vulnerability and to identify a prioritised portfolio of specific adaptation options to build and enhance long-term systemic resilience in Ghana - the resilient infrastructure roadmap
- Use of three cutting edge tools
 - O CAT-I
 - NISMOD
 - SIFT



































The Capacity Assessment Tool for Infrastructure (CAT-I)



Capacity Assessment Tool for Infrastructure (CAT-I)







CAT-I Overview







Policies

Institutions

Planning







SoP

Funding

Data

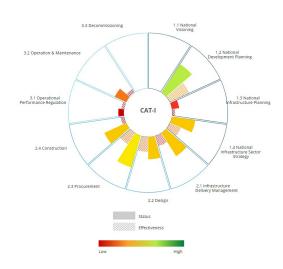




Capacity

Technology Stakeholders

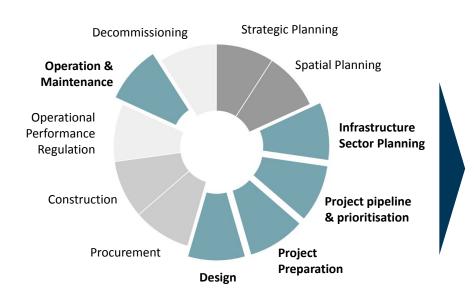




CAT-I assessment

- 11 Indicators
- 93 subindictaors
- 200-800 questions
- Status and effectiveness

CAT-I energy sector needs - Ghana







Solution 4.1: Develop localised design standards that incorporate climate adaptation

Summary of key suggested actions:



Develop or update a policy to ensure design codes and standards are locally relevant, up to date, and enforced.









Develop and adopt climate-resilient standards for large-scale energy infrastructure (e.g. dams) and renewable energy systems (e.g. mini-grid development).









Leverage climate risk and vulnerability data to update design codes and standards.







Build capacity to develop, adopt and use contextually relevant climate-resilient national standards.









The National Infrastructure Systems Model (NISMOD)



National Infrastructure Systems Modelling (NISMOD)



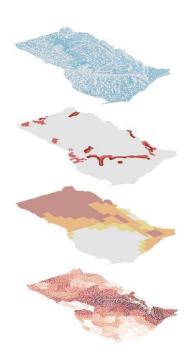








NISMOD Overview



Flooding

Medium, high scenario Current, future

Landslide

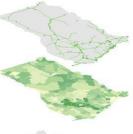
Medium, high scenario Current

Drought

Medium, high scenario Current, future

River Runoff

Median reduction scenario







Energy

29 Powerplants 76 Substations

Wood fuel use (216 districts)

Water

 $24~\mathrm{Dams}$

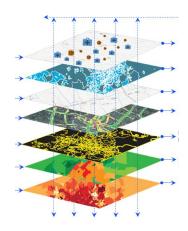
Surface water abstraction (216 districts)

Transport

137,047 Road km 9 Airports 668 Railway km

18 Ports and river traffic

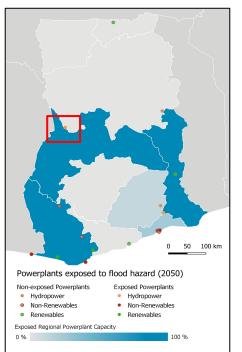
Geospatial infrastructure network risk analysis to characterise needs and evaluate solutions that address those needs



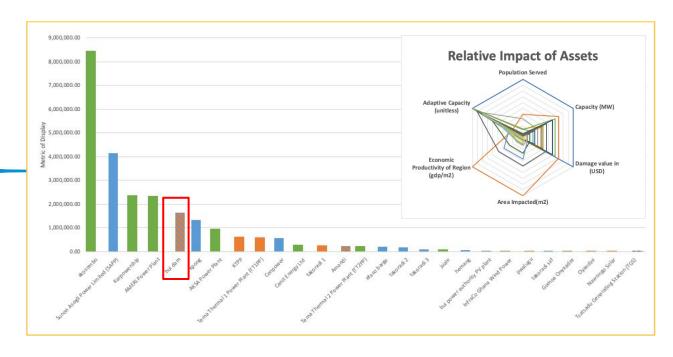


NISMOD needs

Energy hotspots



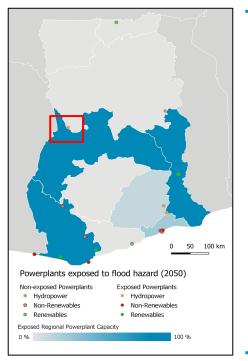
Comparative analysis of assets: hazard exposure / impacts / adaptive capacity



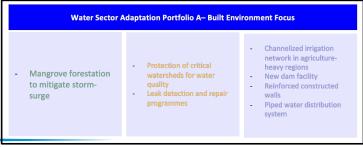


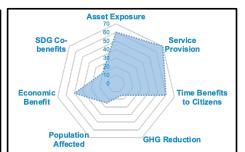
NISMOD solutions

Phase 1: Systems analysis



Comparative analysis of adaptation options: social, economic and environmental





Water Sector Adaptation Portfolio B- Natural Environment Focus						
Mangrove forestation to mitigate storm- surge Reinforce facilities with bioengineered solutions Vegetative slope stabilization around dam influents	Protection of critical watersheds for water quality Leak detection and repair programmes	- Upgraded spillway facilities				







The Sustainable Infrastructure Financing Tool (SIFT)



Sustainable Infrastructure Financing Tool (SIFT)











SIFT SUSTAINABLE INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCING TOOL

SIFT overview

SIFT is a growing **global database** of infrastructure donors that supports governments by providing a structured and strategic approach to **identifying and prioritizing potential sources of financing** for sustainable infrastructure.

- → **110**+ donors → **7** Financing mechanisms
- → **15** Sectors → **15** Financing criteria
- → **237** Countries → Additional information

	Fund Information	Fund Int	fundos		intendig	th.	Sectional Coverage	Francing Metherica	Pinanoing Criferta	Priending Purpose Add	dioni Mendos	Corfeel information
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Adapt'Action	Adapt Action Facility	Agence Française de Développement	Government Agency			100						https://www.atd.fr/en/adaptaction_https://www.atd.frfr/contactor-latd
AEF	Access to Energy Fund	Dutch Development Bank	National Development Bank				1	2	13			https://ast.tmo.nl/2019/ info@tmo.nl
AF	Adaptation Fund	Global Environment Facility	Multilateral Development Fund			3 8			10			https://www.adaptation-fund.org/ aftsec@adaptation-fund.org
AFD	Agence Française de Développement	Agence Française de Développement	Government Agency				12		10			https://www.ald.fr/on/agence-fran https://www.ald.fr/fr/contacter-latd
AgriFl	Agriculture Financing Initiative	European Development Finance Institutions	Development Finance Institution		9	3 3		2				https://www.agrifi.eu/ agrif@edfmc.eu
Aus DEAT	Australia Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade	Australia Department of Foreign Affairs and T	Government Agency	9		1 0	10	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2				https://www.dfat.gov.au/aidfopics Not Available
BIO	Belgian Investment Company for Developing Countries	Belgian Investment Company for Developing	Development Finance Institution						10			https://www.bio-invest.be/en/infra infrastructure@bio-invest.be
BNTF9	Basic Needs Trust Fund	Caribbean Development Bank	Regional Development Bank			8 8			15			https://www.caribank.org/our-worl See website for country specific of
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CDB OCR	CDB Ordinary Capital Resources	Caribbean Development Bank	Regional Development Bank			3 3	12		10			https://www.caribank.org/ https://www.caribank.org/contact-u
CDF	CARICOM Development Fund	Caribbean Community	Intergovernmental Organisation				2		6			https://caricomdevelopmentfund.il/info@caricomdf.org
COPICOF	CDP International Cooperation and Development Finance	Cassa Depositi y Prestiti	Development Finance Institution			9	8		10			https://www.cdp.it/sitointermet/en/fondorotativocs@cdp.it
CORRE	Community Diseaster Risk Reduction Fund	Caribbean Development Bank	Regional Development Bank									https://www.caribank.org/our-worl.or/rf@caribank.org
COFIDES	Compania Espanola de Financiacion del Desarrollo	Compania Espanola de Financiacion del Des	Development Finance Institution					5	12			http://www.cofides.es cofides@cofides.es
CTF	Clean Technology Fund	Climate Investment Funds	Multilateral Development Fund				2		8			https://www.cimateinvestmentfun.cl/webhelpdeski@worldbank.org
DFC	U.S. International Development Finance Corporation	U.S. International Development Finance Corp	National Development Bank		-	2-1						https://www.dlc.gov/ https://www.dlc.gov/what-we-offer
DFCD LUF	DFCD Land Use Facility	Dutch Fund for Climate Development	Multilateral Development Fund					3	10			https://thedfod.com/our-approach_landuse@thedfod.com
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SIFT project concept presentation

Development of project concept sheets to communicate the most important aspects of projects that are of interest to potential sources of financing

TRANSPORTATION - PRIORITY PROJECT

Metro / Light Rail Transit System

Description:

A Light Rail Transit (LRT) network composed of seven corridors, located in Kumasi, Ghana's second largest city. Kumasi is a converging point of commercial activity and a key transportation hub. It's economic progress and rapid urbanization have led to urban mobility challenges and traffic congestion, which inhibit the city's socioeconomic growth. The Kumasi LRT aims to strengthen the city's transportation system.



Location: Kumasi Subsector: Light Rail Project Start: 2025 Operation Start: 2027 CapEx: \$5.8 Billion O&M: \$137 Million Agency: Ministry of Railways Development

Investment Details: Project Structure: PPP Financing: Debt (70%). Equity (30%) Concession Period: 30 years NPV: \$404 Million FIRR: 15 6% B/C Ratio: 1.12

Project impacts towards the SDGs

GOALS

Inexpensive, safe form of transport reduces traffic jam and deaths due to traffic incidents.

Public transport options reduce CO2 emissions

Enhanced satisfaction with public transport safety. affordability, reliability and frequency.

Project impacts towards Paris commitments



Scale up sustainable mass transportation.

Resilient infrastructure planning city-wide for improved movement of people and goods.

Potential impacts towards gender outcomes



Build resilience for gender through equal employment opportunities in construction and O&M.

Accessible transport options enable women to participate in public life and other activities.

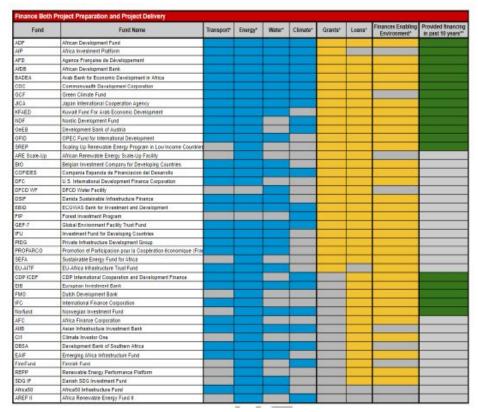
Concept



Mr. Desmond Boateng, Ag. Chief Director, MoRD desmond.boateng@mrd.gov.gh | +233-547-888-085

SIFT project financing options

Mapping of financing options for individual projects, including the sources of finance, their requirements and modalities





Activity: Group Exercise (8 mins)

In your professional role, how can you promote evidence-based infrastructure development in your country?

Item	Activity	Time
1	Go into your zoom breakout rooms and assign a representative for your group (preferably a different person).	1 min
2	Discuss the question and write down the key points, identifying the top three most common or most important.	6 mins
3	Each group's representative to report back one key point to the main room.	1 min each group



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"What did you find most interesting about this chapter?"



Key Learning Points

- Infrastructure underpins sustainable, resilient and inclusive development
- 2. An evidence-based approach can help to minimize risks and maximise opportunities
- 3. There are a growing number of evidence-based approaches, including the three tools we mentioned, but more will be required to take this approach to scale



Questions?



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